django-dress-blog Documentation

Release 0.1a1

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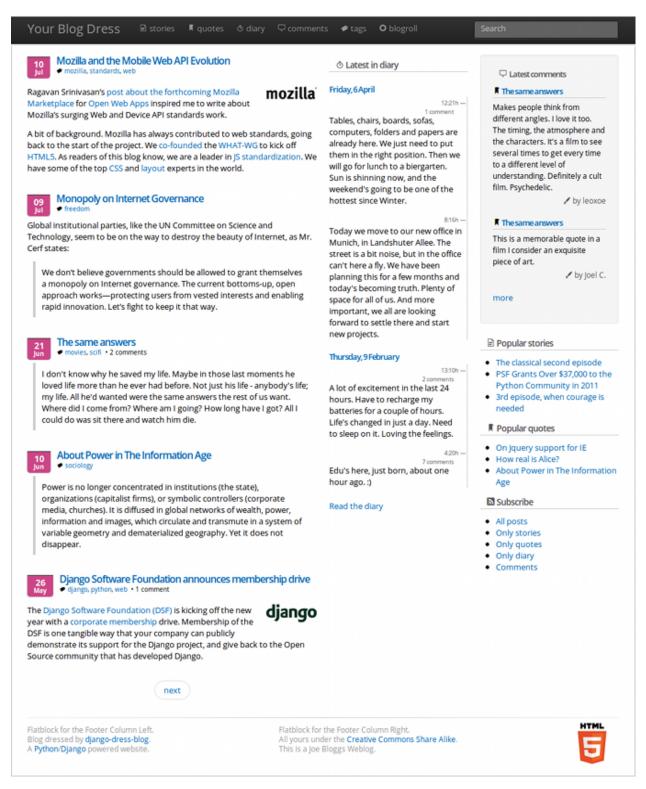
A pluggable application that provides blog capabilities to your Django project.

Documentation work in progress!

Features:

- 1. Three different type of posts: Stories, Quotes and Diary Entries.
- 2. Choose between either 3 or 4 columns layout format.
- 3. Default theme based on twitter-bootstrap.
- 4. Create new themes without modifying existing code.
- 5. Posts may be in Draft/Public status, and published in the future.
- 6. Posts categorized with tags, with django-tagging.
- 7. Independent paginated list of Stories, Quotes and Comments.
- 8. Comments managed with django-comments-xtd.
- 9. Support for inline media with django-inline-media.
- 10. Blogroll, Multiple Authors, Search capabilities with django-haystack, and more.

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Run the demo project to see django-dress-blog in action.

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CHAPTER 1

Tutorial

Django-dress-blog is a blogging app that allows authors post stories, quotes and diary entries.

Motivation

Django-dress-blog is a blogging app inspired by Kevin Fricovsky's django-mingus that offers authors three different type of posts: **stories** to write their own content, **quotes** to cite other people's content, and the **diary** to micro-post on anything in a quick fashion.

Django-dress-blog is suitable for start-ups and other collaborative projects, may show posts' author, and it comes with a fully functional theme based on twitter-bootstrap and support for extra themes.

Its search functionality make use of django-haystack, which supports up to four different search engines. The default installation uses xapian-haystack.

Using Django-dress-blog authors categorize content by tagging, what produces a Folksonomy, allowing categorization on the go rather than enforcing category creation in advance.

Installation

Installing Django-dress-blog is as simple as checking out the sources and adding the path to your project or PYTHONPATH.

Use git, pip or easy_install to check out Django-dress-blog from Github or get a release from PyPI:

- 1. Use **git** to clone the repository, and then install the package (read more about git):
- git clone git://github.com/danirus/django-dress-blog.git and
- python setup.py install
- 2. Or use **pip** (read more about pip):
- Do pip install django-dress-blog, or

- Edit your project's requirements file and append either the Github URL or the package name django-dress-blog, and then do pip install -r requirements.
- 3. Or use **easy_install** (read more about easy_install):
- Do easy_install django-dress-blog

Configuration

It is assumed you have pip installed and virtualenv. Although virtualenv is not a requirement, just a healthy recommendation. Configuration comprehends the following steps:

1. Install the dependencies listed in the requirements file:

```
pip install -r requirements
```

2. Add the following entries to INSTALLED_APPS in your settings.py file:

```
'django.contrib.staticfiles',
'django.contrib.comments',
'django_comments_xtd',
'django_markup',
'inline_media',
'flatblocks',
'sorl.thumbnail',
'tagging',
'request',
'dress_blog',
'haystack',
```

- 3. Some of the new installed apps requires extra configuration. Edit your settings.py file again and append the next entries:
 - For the comments app:

```
COMMENTS_APP = 'django_comments_xtd'
COMMENTS_XTD_CONFIRM_EMAIL = True
COMMENTS_XTD_SALT = 'es-war-einmal-una-bella-princesa-in-a-beautiful-castle'
```

For Django-tagging:

```
FORCE_LOWERCASE_TAGS = True
```

For sorl.thumbnail:

```
THUMBNAIL_BACKEND = 'inline_media.sorl_backends.AutoFormatBackend'
THUMBNAIL_FORMAT = 'JPEG'
```

• For request:

```
REQUEST_IGNORE_AJAX = True
REQUEST_IGNORE_USERNAME = ["admin"]
REQUEST_IGNORE_PATHS = (r'^admin/', r'^favicon.ico')
REQUEST_TRAFFIC_MODULES = (
   'request.traffic.UniqueVisitor',
   'request.traffic.UniqueVisit',
   'request.traffic.Hit',
```

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```
'request.traffic.Search',
)
```

• For Django-haystack, when using the Xapian search engine:

• For Django-dress-blog:

```
DRESS_BLOG_PAGINATE_BY = 10
DRESS_BLOG_UI_COLUMNS = 3
DRESS_BLOG_THEMES_PATH = os.path.join(STATIC_ROOT, 'dress_blog/themes')
```

4. To use the XapianEngine backend with Haystack you have to copy the xapian_backend.py file from the xapian_haystack directory into django-haystack's backends directory. Go to your VirtualEnv src/ directory and copy the file:

```
cp xapian-haystack/xapian_backend.py django-haystack/haystack/backends/
```

5. Add a new context processor to TEMPLATE_CONTEXT_PROCESSORS in your settings.py file:

```
TEMPLATE_CONTEXT_PROCESSORS = (
    ...
    'dress_blog.context_processors.config',
)
```

6. Edit your urls.py file and add the following entries:

7. Collect static files provided with Django-dress-blog:

```
python manage.py collectstatic
```

8. Build the Xapian search index in a regular basis to track new content added to your blog by running the following command:

```
python manage.py rebuild_index
```

9. Create database data structures:

```
python manage.py syncdb
```

10. Run you project dev web server and hit your project's dress-blog URL http://localhost:8000/blog: python manage.py runserver

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Example

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Theming

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Templatetags

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Indices and tables

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